AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ Calculus BC 2005 Free-Response Questions Form B

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# 2005 AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE OUESTIONS (Form B) 

CALCULUS BC<br>SECTION II, Part A<br>Time-45 minutes<br>Number of problems- 3

## A graphing calculator is required for some problems or parts of problems.

1. An object moving along a curve in the $x y$-plane has position $(x(t), y(t))$ at time $t \geq 0$ with

$$
\frac{d x}{d t}=12 t-3 t^{2} \text { and } \frac{d y}{d t}=\ln \left(1+(t-4)^{4}\right) .
$$

At time $t=0$, the object is at position $(-13,5)$. At time $t=2$, the object is at point $P$ with $x$-coordinate 3 .
(a) Find the acceleration vector at time $t=2$ and the speed at time $t=2$.
(b) Find the $y$-coordinate of $P$.
(c) Write an equation for the line tangent to the curve at $P$.
(d) For what value of $t$, if any, is the object at rest? Explain your reasoning.

## WRITE ALL WORK IN THE TEST BOOKLET.

## 2005 AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS (Form B)

2. A water tank at Camp Newton holds 1200 gallons of water at time $t=0$. During the time interval $0 \leq t \leq 18$ hours, water is pumped into the tank at the rate

$$
W(t)=95 \sqrt{t} \sin ^{2}\left(\frac{t}{6}\right) \text { gallons per hour. }
$$

During the same time interval, water is removed from the tank at the rate

$$
R(t)=275 \sin ^{2}\left(\frac{t}{3}\right) \text { gallons per hour. }
$$

(a) Is the amount of water in the tank increasing at time $t=15$ ? Why or why not?
(b) To the nearest whole number, how many gallons of water are in the tank at time $t=18$ ?
(c) At what time $t$, for $0 \leq t \leq 18$, is the amount of water in the tank at an absolute minimum? Show the work that leads to your conclusion.
(d) For $t>18$, no water is pumped into the tank, but water continues to be removed at the rate $R(t)$ until the tank becomes empty. Let $k$ be the time at which the tank becomes empty. Write, but do not solve, an equation involving an integral expression that can be used to find the value of $k$.

## WRITE ALL WORK IN THE TEST BOOKLET.

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3. The Taylor series about $x=0$ for a certain function $f$ converges to $f(x)$ for all $x$ in the interval of convergence. The $n$th derivative of $f$ at $x=0$ is given by

$$
f^{(n)}(0)=\frac{(-1)^{n+1}(n+1)!}{5^{n}(n-1)^{2}} \text { for } n \geq 2 .
$$

The graph of $f$ has a horizontal tangent line at $x=0$, and $f(0)=6$.
(a) Determine whether $f$ has a relative maximum, a relative minimum, or neither at $x=0$. Justify your answer.
(b) Write the third-degree Taylor polynomial for $f$ about $x=0$.
(c) Find the radius of convergence of the Taylor series for $f$ about $x=0$. Show the work that leads to your answer.

## WRITE ALL WORK IN THE TEST BOOKLET.

## END OF PART A OF SECTION II

## 2005 AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE OUESTIONS (Form B)

CALCULUS BC
SECTION II, Part B
Time-45 minutes
Number of problems-3

## No calculator is allowed for these problems.


4. The graph of the function $f$ above consists of three line segments.
(a) Let $g$ be the function given by $g(x)=\int_{-4}^{x} f(t) d t$. For each of $g(-1), g^{\prime}(-1)$, and $g^{\prime \prime}(-1)$, find the value or state that it does not exist.
(b) For the function $g$ defined in part (a), find the $x$-coordinate of each point of inflection of the graph of $g$ on the open interval $-4<x<3$. Explain your reasoning.
(c) Let $h$ be the function given by $h(x)=\int_{x}^{3} f(t) d t$. Find all values of $x$ in the closed interval $-4 \leq x \leq 3$ for which $h(x)=0$.
(d) For the function $h$ defined in part (c), find all intervals on which $h$ is decreasing. Explain your reasoning.

## WRITE ALL WORK IN THE TEST BOOKLET.

## 2005 AP ${ }^{\circledR}$ CALCULUS BC FREE-RESPONSE QUESTIONS (Form B)

5. Consider the curve given by $y^{2}=2+x y$.
(a) Show that $\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{y}{2 y-x}$.
(b) Find all points $(x, y)$ on the curve where the line tangent to the curve has slope $\frac{1}{2}$.
(c) Show that there are no points $(x, y)$ on the curve where the line tangent to the curve is horizontal.
(d) Let $x$ and $y$ be functions of time $t$ that are related by the equation $y^{2}=2+x y$. At time $t=5$, the value of $y$ is 3 and $\frac{d y}{d t}=6$. Find the value of $\frac{d x}{d t}$ at time $t=5$.

6. Consider the graph of the function $f$ given by $f(x)=\frac{1}{x+2}$ for $x \geq 0$, as shown in the figure above. Let $R$ be the region bounded by the graph of $f$, the $x$ - and $y$-axes, and the vertical line $x=k$, where $k \geq 0$.
(a) Find the area of $R$ in terms of $k$.
(b) Find the volume of the solid generated when $R$ is revolved about the $x$-axis in terms of $k$.
(c) Let $S$ be the unbounded region in the first quadrant to the right of the vertical line $x=k$ and below the graph of $f$, as shown in the figure above. Find all values of $k$ such that the volume of the solid generated when $S$ is revolved about the $x$-axis is equal to the volume of the solid found in part (b).

## WRITE ALL WORK IN THE TEST BOOKLET.

## END OF EXAM

